AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- (Currently Amended) An antenna system for measuring azimuth and elevation angles of an active, signal sending—radiosonde (31) radiosonde, the antenna system comprising:
- a first passive antenna group (13) group comprising at least two antenna arrays (11a, 11b), having a direction pattern that is wide at least in an elevation plane,

the first passive antenna group (13)-group being adapted to measure-an-measure the azimuth angle of the radiosonde (31)-radiosonde based on phase differences between the antenna arrays (11a, 11b), and based on a direction of the of an antenna-field (1) field.

- a second passive antenna group (12) group comprising at least two antenna arrays (10a, 10b)having a direction pattern that is wide at least in the elevation plane,

the second passive antenna group (12) group being adapted to measure the elevation angle of the radiosonde (31) radiosonde based on phase differences between the antenna arrays (10a, 10b), and

- at least one third antenna element (8) element having high gain adapted to receive a telemetry signal, a direction pattern of the at least one third antenna element (8) element being narrow in an azimuth plane and wide in the elevation plane,

wherein

- the first (13) and second (12) and second antenna groups form a-solid-the antenna field (1) field, and
- the antenna-field (1) field is fixedly tilted in a predetermined elevation position,

group.

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wherein each one of the at least two antenna arrays of (11a, 11b) of the first passive antenna group (13) group is disposed directly facing each of right and left lateral sides of one of the at least two antenna arrays (10b) arrays of the second passive antenna group (12)

- 2. (Currently Amended) The antenna system of claim 1, wherein the third antenna element (8)-element belongs to the antenna-field (1) field.
- 3. (Previously Presented) The antenna system of claim 1, wherein the antenna field is essentially planar.
- 4. (Currently Amended) The antenna system of claim 1, wherein a gain pattern minimum (35)-minimum (null) of each of the antenna arrays (10a, 10b, 11a, 11b) is aligned to a direction of a ground-reflection (30) reflection.
- 5. (Currently Amended) The antenna system according to claim 1, wherein the antenna system comprises means for rotating the antenna field (1) field around a vertical axis (7)-axis approximately to a direction of the radiosonde (31) radiosonde while the elevation angle remains essentially constant.

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6. (Currently Amended) The antenna system according to claim 1, wherein reception of the telemetry signal from the radiosonde (31)-radiosonde is independent of the of azimuth

and the and elevation measurements.

7. (Currently Amended) The antenna system according to claim 1, wherein the

antenna field (14)-field is fixed in an elevation and an azimuth direction, and the antenna

field (14) field comprises at least three antenna fields (14) field pointing to different azimuth

directions.

8. (Currently Amended) The antenna system of claim 7, wherein a gain pattern

minimum (null) of each of the antenna arrays (17a, 17b, 18a, 18b)-is aligned to a direction of

a ground reflection.

9. (Currently Amended) The antenna system of claim 7, wherein reception of the

telemetry signal from the radiosonde (31) radiosonde is independent of the of azimuth and

the and elevation measurements.

10. (Currently Amended) The antenna system according to claim 1, wherein the

antenna field (1) field is fixedly tilted backwards.

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- (Currently Amended) The antenna system according to claim 1, wherein the antenna field (1)-field forms an inverted letter T.
- (Currently Amended) A method for measuring azimuth and elevation angles of an active, signal sending-radiosonde (31) radiosonde, method comprising:
- providing a first passive antenna group (13) group comprising at least two antenna arrays (11a, 11b) having a direction pattern that is wide at least in an elevation plane,
- measuring the azimuth angle of the <u>radiosonde (31) radiosonde</u> based on phase differences of received radiosonde signals between the at least two antenna arrays-(11a, 11b) and based on a direction of an antenna-field (1) field.
- providing a second passive antenna group (12) group comprising at least two antenna arrays (10a, 10b) having a direction pattern that is wide at least in the elevation plane.
- measuring the elevation angle of the <u>radiosonde (31) radiosonde</u> based on phase differences of the received radiosonde signals between the at least two antenna arrays (10a, 10b), and
- receiving a telemetry signal with at least one third antenna element (8) element having high gain, a direction pattern of the third element (8) element being narrow in an azimuth plane and wide in the elevation plane.

wherein

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- the first (13) and second (12) and second antenna groups form a-solid the antenna field (1) field, and

- the antenna-field (1) field is fixedly tilted in a predetermined elevation position,

wherein each one of the at least two antenna arrays of (11a, 11b) of the first passive

antenna group (13) group is disposed directly facing each of right and left lateral sides of one

of the at least two antenna arrays (10b) arrays of the second passive antenna-group (12)

group.

13. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the third antenna

element (8) element belongs to the antenna field (1) field.

14. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, further comprising:

aligning a gain pattern minimum (null) of each of the antenna arrays (17a, 17b, 18a,

18b) to a direction of a ground reflection.

15. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, further comprising:

receiving the telemetry signal independently of the of azimuth and the and elevation

measurements.

16. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12. further comprising:

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rotating the antenna system around a vertical-axis (7) axis approximately to a direction of the radiosonde (31) radiosonde while the elevation angle remains essentially constant

- 17. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, further comprising: fixedly tilting the antenna-field (1) field backwards.
- 18. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 12, further comprising: fixing the antenna-field (14) field in an elevation and an azimuth direction, wherein the antenna field (14)-field comprises at least three antenna fields (14)-fields pointing to different azimuth directions.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 18, further comprising: aligning a gain pattern minimum (null) of each of the antenna arrays (17a, 17b, 18a, 18b) to a direction of a ground reflection.
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 18, further comprising: receiving the telemetry signal independently of the of azimuth and the and elevation measurements.

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- 21. (Currently Amended) The antenna system according to claim 1, wherein each of the at least two antenna arrays-(10a, 10b) and the third antenna-element (8) element is arranged in a straight line that is tilted with respect to a vertical-axis (7) axis.
- 22. (Currently Amended) The antenna system according to claim 1, wherein the antenna field (14) is fixed in an elevation and an azimuth direction, and the antenna-field (14) field comprises four antenna-fields (14) fields pointing to different azimuth directions.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein each of the at least two antenna arrays (10a, 10b) and the third antenna-element (8) element is arranged in a straight line that is tilted with respect to a vertical axis (7) axis.
- 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 12, wherein the antenna-field (14) field is fixed in an elevation and an azimuth direction, and the antenna-field (14)-field comprises four antenna-fields (14)-fields pointing to different azimuth directions.